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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Cancel) A time simulation method of determining service availability of a network with single failures having a plurality of nodes and a plurality of links, the method including steps of:

- (a) selecting a link to fail;
- (b) performing a simulated link failure on the selected link;
- (c) selecting a connection between a network source and sink node pair; and
- (d) determining and summing the unavailability and availability of the connection under the simulated link failure condition

2. (Cancel) The method of claim 1 further comprising steps of:

- (e) repeating the step c) until all or a predetermined number of connections have been selected; and
- (f) repeating the steps a) and b) until a simulated link failure has been performed on all links or until the summed unavailability and availability has been determined to converge, whichever is earlier.

3. (currently amended) The A_time simulation method of determining service availability of a network with multiple failures, said network having a plurality of nodes and a plurality of links, the method comprising steps of:

- a) ~~initializing all counters;~~
- a) selecting a network time to fail (TTF) based on the network TTF distribution;
~~initiating a simulated network failure process;~~
- b) maintaining failure repair and unavailability timing;
- c) ~~selecting a link to which a network failure applies;~~
- c) selecting a link between two network nodes;

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- d) performing a simulated link failure on the selected link;
- e) selecting a connection between a network source node and a network sink node;
- f) determining and summing the unavailability and availability of the selected connection under the simulated link failure condition;
- g) repeating steps (e), and (f) for all connections of the network; and
- h) repeating steps (a) to (g) until either a link failure has been simulated on all links of the network or the summed availability has been determined to converge to a constant value, whichever is earlier.

4. (cancel) The method of claim 3 further comprising steps of:

- h) repeating the step f) until a predetermined number of connections have been selected; and
- i) repeating the steps b) to e) until a simulated link failure has been performed on all links or until the summed unavailability and availability has been determined to converge, whichever is earlier.

5. (currently amended) The time simulation method according to claims claim 3 or 4 further comprising [[a]] the step of:

averaging the service availability across all connections to generate the service availability of the network.

6. (currently amended) The time simulation method according to claim 3 [[4]] wherein[[::]] all the above steps are performed in response to clock increments, which proportionately correspond to actual times.

7 (currently amended) The time simulation method according to claims claim 3 or 4, wherein the network has corresponding nodes and links, the links having attributes in relation to their characteristics with respect to simulated failures, recovery and repair processes, the method further comprising [[a]] the step of:

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randomly selecting a link based on the attributes of the links.

8. (currently amended) The time simulation method according to claims claim 3 or 4, wherein the network has corresponding nodes and links, the links having attributes in relation to their characteristics with respect to simulated failures, recovery and repair processes, wherein the attributes are in relation to their distance, time-to-failure parameter, and time-to-recover/repair.

9. (canceled) A time simulation apparatus for determining service availability of a network comprising a plurality of nodes, links and connections, each plurality having various attributes such as relating to failure, recovery and repair mechanisms, the apparatus comprising:

an instance selecting mechanism for selecting one instance from each of the plurality of nodes, links and connections based on the attributes;

a failure/repair module for performing a simulated failure and repair on the selected instances as appropriate;

a connection selecting mechanism for selecting a connection between source and sink nodes, and

an arithmetic mechanism for calculating the availability of the selected connection.

10. (canceled) The time simulation apparatus according to claim 9, further comprising:

an averaging module for averaging the availability of connection for all possible connections in the network to generate the overall service availability of the network.

11. (canceled) The time simulation apparatus according to claim 9, further comprising a clock for generating clock increments calibrated to correspond to a specific real time interval.

12. (canceled) The time simulation apparatus according to claim 9, wherein the network has corresponding nodes and links, the links have attributes in relation to their characteristics with respect to simulated failures, recovery and repair processes.

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13. (canceled) The time simulation apparatus according to claim 12, the apparatus further comprising a mechanism for randomly selecting a link based on the attributes of the links.
14. (canceled) The time simulation apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the attributes are in relation to their distance.
15. (new) A computer readable medium containing program instructions for determining service availability of a communications network with multiple failures, said network having a plurality of nodes and a plurality of links, said medium comprising the instructions for:
 - a) selecting a network time to fail (TTF) based on the network TTF distribution;
 - b) maintaining failure repair and unavailability timing;
 - c) selecting a link between two network nodes;
 - d) performing a simulated link failure on the selected link;
 - e) selecting a connection between a network source node and a network sink node;
 - f) determining and summing the unavailability and availability of the selected connection under the simulated link failure condition;
 - g) repeating steps (e), and (f) for all connections of the network; and
 - h) repeating steps (a) to (g) until either a link failure has been simulated on all links of the network or the summed availability has been determined to converge to a constant value, whichever is earlier.
16. (new) The computer readable medium according to claim 15, further comprising the instructions for:

averaging the service availability across all connections to generate the

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service availability of the network.

17. (new) The computer readable medium according to claim 15, wherein the network has corresponding nodes and links, the links having attributes in relation to their characteristics with respect to simulated failures, recovery and repair processes, the computer readable medium further comprising instructions for:

randomly selecting a link based on the attributes of the links.

18 (new) A computer program for use on a computer system for a time simulation method of determining service availability of a network with multiple failures, said network having a plurality of nodes and a plurality of links, the method comprising steps of:

- a) selecting a network time to fail (TTF) based on the network TTF distribution;
- b) maintaining failure repair and unavailability timing;
- c) selecting a link between two network nodes;
- d) performing a simulated link failure on the selected link;
- e) selecting a connection between a network source node and a network sink node;
- f) determining and summing the unavailability and availability of the selected connection under the simulated link failure condition;
- g) repeating steps (e), and (f) for all connections of the network; and
- h) repeating steps (a) to (g) until either a link failure has been simulated on all links of the network or the summed availability has been determined to converge to a constant value, whichever is earlier.